Looking at the geographic pattern of cities can give us clues about the conditions that encouraged cities to grow at that time.

___ 1. Would you describe the cities at this time as a) randomly scattered over the whole world or b) arranged in a pattern?
___ 2. If your answer was b, how would you describe the pattern?  
   a) clustered (in bunches)    b) centripetal (toward the middle of continents)    c) aligned (in lines)     d) paired (in twos)
___ 3. How would you describe the hemispheres of the major cities (choose one or two)?  
   a) all hemispheres   b) western hemisphere   c) eastern hemisphere   d) northern hemisphere   e) southern hemisphere
___ 4. How would you describe the latitude of the major cities?  
   a) all latitudes    b) low latitudes    c) middle latitudes     d) high latitudes

5. Why do you think the cities are located in this geographic pattern?

Looking at the geographic pattern of temperature can give us clues about its possible influence on the migration of humans, their use of land in different parts of the world, and the location of cities at different times in history.

1. Find the places that usually have high temperatures (annual averages higher than 75°F). Color their boxes orange or red.
2. Find the places that usually have low temperatures (annual averages of 45°F or lower). Color their boxes blue.
3. Make sure that the places you have not colored have average temperatures between 46°F and 75°F. Then color them green.  
   (You might want to separate the warm places from the cooler places by coloring the ones between 61°F and 75°F yellow.)
4. Write a one-sentence description of the geographic pattern of each temperature group.  
   Your description should note the range of latitudes of the places in each temperature group.

The hot places ____________________________
The cold places ____________________________
The in-between places ____________________________