Appendix A

BSC SOP/Checklist/Training Quiz

General information

- BSC used for bacteria, viruses, or potentially infectious substances
- Primary barrier especially to reduce exposure to infectious aerosols and respiratory transmission of infectious agents
- Required for BSL2 work/aerosol generating activities of RG2 agents or higher
- BSC certified annually, when moved, or malfunction/repair occurs, ANSI/NSF STD. 49
- BSC should not be placed near doors fume hoods, windows, ductwork. etc.
- Only one person should use the BSC at any given time
- Avoid rapid movements in and out of BSC

Types of BSCs and Usage

- <u>Class II A2</u> (Class II Type A/B3) air in from sash, HEPA, exhaust into room, limit chemicals test tube quantities
- <u>Class II B1</u> air in from sash, HEPA, 30% recirculated, 70% ducted, small volumes of chemicals
- <u>Class II B2</u> air from above unit/outside fully ducted, but <u>not</u> a chemical hood
- UV light use requires eye/skin protection and a closed sash.
- Do <u>not</u> use open flames in BSC

Operation of BSC

- 1. Turn blower on unit and run 5-10 minutes prior to use to stabilize and purge
- 2. Assure sash is in the proper position (check with alarm)
- 3. Be sure certification is current
- 4. Check magnehelic meter with current certification + or 10%
- 5. Purge for 2 minutes after use.
- 6. Never use if in alarm mode

Procedures

- 1. Proper PPE with gloves, lab coat, eye protection
- 2. Disinfect inside of hood with adequate contact time
- 3. Rinse with sterile water or 70% ethanol if bleach disinfectant is used
- 4. Use good aseptic technique/avoid generation of aerosols
- 5. Plan your work, disinfect materials before placing in BSC
- 6. Avoid tall and bulky items, minimal amounts of materials in BSC
- 7. Designate a clean area, work area, and contaminated area and work clean to dirty.
- 8. Slow and deliberate movements. Move arms straight in and out
- 9. Do not block grates, work 4-6" back from grate in center of surface
- 10. Bag and secure waste inside BSC before disposal outside of BSC
- 11. Leave BSC blower on if a spill occurs, cover with absorbent, add disinfectant, 15-30 minute contact, wipe area, discard outside gloves
- 12. Disinfect items as removed
- 13. Disinfect the cabinet, discard PPE
- 14. Wash hands and forearms with antibacterial soap

Training Exam- Biological Safety Cabinet (BSC) True or False

1.	Use of the BSC can begin as soon as the blower is turned on.	T or F
2.	You should move slowly and deliberately while working in the BSC.	T or F
3.	Aseptic technique is not needed in the BSC.	T or F
4.	The interior of the BSC should be disinfected before and after use.	T or F
5.	The operation of the BSC is improved if placed near a doorway.	T or F
6.	The BSC is a primary barrier for aerosolized potentially infectious materials.	T or F
7.	It is best to place commonly used supplies on the grate for easy access.	T or F
8.	Using large volumes of flammables is okay in a Class II B2 BSC	T or F
9.	If you spill a pathogen in a BSC, immediately shut off the blower.	T or F
10.	The BSC requires certification annually.	T or F
Sig	gn Print Date	