Take a walk down memory lane and revisit the halls that held your favorite classes and professors. You may think a lot has changed, but this will always be the place you can always call home!

Use this guide to visit your favorite buildings and see what life is like on campus today!
The renovation ceremonial groundbreaking was held in April 1999 and by that summer, work was fully underway. Plans called for the addition of new space, a complete renovation of the third and fourth floors, and significant remodeling of the first and second floors. A path that led from the University Center to Library Drive was shifted to the west and enlarged. Additionally, the parking lot between the library and Foust Hall was enlarged and a sculpture that sat near the old library was relocated.

The newly renovated Charles V. Park Library officially opened on January 9, 2003. The building contained 205,526 square feet of usable space, over 400 public computer workstations, and 1,500 network connections. A large, multimedia-equipped lecture hall created an ideal spot for visiting speakers. The Clarke Historical Library also got a new home on the first floor across the hallway from the main library.
The UC has undergone significant changes since it opened in 1960. In 1969, the Board of Trustees approved $2.5 million for renovations to the University Center. Improvements included expanding and remodeling the grill area and the addition of a small, 300-seat auditorium on the top level of the conference wing. Eight lanes were added to the bowling alley. The game room, second-floor cafeteria, and the bookstore were also expanded. Many of the amenities in the UC, including the bowling alley and barber shop, have been removed or relocated to other parts of campus.
Finch Fieldhouse (and the adjoining athletic complex) was one of the first major construction projects undertaken by Central during the construction boom following the Second World War. As the number of students on campus swelled in the late 1940s, the need for a larger and more fully equipped athletic facility became apparent. In early 1944, President Anspach announced plans for the future planning and construction of a new gymnasium and field house.

Finch Fieldhouse is home to many academic programs such as Military Science and Leadership (ROTC), Recreation Parks and Leisure - Outdoor and Environmental, Recreation and Event Management, and Therapeutic Recreation.

The building also includes the Center for Leisure Services, the CMU Reserve Officers Training Corps (ROTC), a rock-climbing wall, and a high ropes course!
Grawn Hall is the oldest existing building on the campus of Central Michigan University and is home to the College of Business Administration. The building narrowly escaped destruction by fire on two occasions. The first happened on January 31, 1933, when the memory of the Old Main fire was still fresh in the minds of the administration. The other did $25,000 in damage on March 10, 1954.

The College of Business Administration includes 17 majors & 16 minors – Marketing and Hospitality, Accounting, Finance & Law, Management, Entrepreneurship, Business Information Systems, Economics.

In 2017, a $10.8 million expansion included the creation of the Grawn Atrium. The Atrium is the hub of the student experience, with tons of collaborative study spaces.
The Health Professions Building was designed to bring together students and faculty in the health professions. Upon opening, the building encompassed 175,000 square feet over two stories and three separate wings: a clinical wing, a laboratory wing, and a classroom wing. The building featured over a hundred offices, twelve classrooms, 27 laboratories, 35 diagnostic and treatment rooms, eight observation rooms, and 28 therapy rooms.

The program includes American Sign Language, Athletic Coaching, Athletic Training, Communication Sciences and Disorders, Community Health, Dietetics, Environmental Health and Safety, Exercise Science (Clinical, Health Fitness, and Kinesiology Options), Health Administration, Health and Physical Education, Health Fitness, Nutrition, Physical Activity Specialist, Public Health Education, Sport Management, and Substance Abuse Disorders.
The four-story, 137,000-square-foot building cost $50 million and it beat out competing structures like the Greektown Casino in Detroit and the Gerald R. Ford International Airport in Grand Rapids. The building was designed to be as environmentally friendly as possible, and it received a Gold Certification from Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED).

The Education and Human Services majors and minors include Child Development, Counseling, Early Childhood Development, Educational Leadership, Family Studies, Special Education, Teacher Education, and Professional Development (Elementary and Secondary).
This four-level building comes fully equipped with a 220-seat multi-purpose auditorium, an "active learning" classroom, six 24-seat teaching laboratories and several informal collaboration spaces. It also boasts an isotope laboratory, a vivarium for aquatic life, an herbarium, and an Imaging Center for Scanning and Transmission electron microscopes.

Bioscience majors and minors reach across all forms of Biology including Microscopy; Ecology, Evolution, and Conservation; Biomedical, Cellular, and Molecular.

The design of the building balances the energy-intensive needs of a science facility with growing efforts toward energy efficiency. Systems found in the building include rainwater capture, solar panels, and the use of local and renewable resources.
The IET Building features 30 laboratories equipped for instruction in electronics, plastics, graphics, energy, drafting, and other fields. Additionally, the building contains cutting-edge technology, including 3-dimensional engineering graphics, design capabilities, and facilities specializing in robotic vision. When first built, the new building provided ample space for the still-growing IET department.

The opening of the theatre complex within Moore expanded the University Theatre's capacity and flexibility for the 1971 theatre season and beyond. The complex consisted of four separate theatres of varying sizes and functions. The Platform Theatre, the smallest of the group, was about the size of a small lecture room and was designed with interpretive readings in mind. The process of building Moore stirred up some drama. There were disagreements on what the paint and the color scheme of the building should be. It also caused problems with the timetable set for the departments to move into the new building.

Programs included in the Moore Building include- Broadcast and Cinematic Arts, Communication, Theater and Dance, Journalism, Integrative Public Relations, Multimedia Design, and Music Theater.
Central Michigan University's School of Music is one of the oldest academic units on campus. Its lack of a permanent home, however, resulted in a decade-long drive to build a state-of-the-art music building by the early 1990s. The new Music Building was equipped with some of the most advanced music technology available at the time. New instruments and equipment were purchased with some of the funds. The Music Department actually sold 33 pianos in preparation for the arrival of new ones. The large recital hall featured a state-of-the-art sound system for recording performances, light, and audio control booths, surround sound capability, and a fiber optic system that allowed CMU public broadcasting to play live performances on the air.

The School of Music programs include Music (Orchestral Instruments, Theory/Composition, Piano, Voice), Music Education (Choral, General, Instrumental)
Anspach Hall officially opened in September 1966 and was dedicated on April 8, 1967. When it opened, it housed the departments of English, History, Political Science, Sociology, and Journalism. It also housed the offices of Information Services, the Dean of the School of Arts and Sciences, the campus newspaper, and the yearbook. It was the original home of WCMU-TV, the campus's educational television facilities, as well. Although Anspach Hall was as large as any building on campus, swelling enrollment led University officials to begin planning for a second social sciences building before construction on Anspach was complete. Moore Hall was the result of this decision.

The building is home to Cultural and Global Studies, English Language and Literature, Philosophy, Religion, Political Science, Public Administration, Sociology, Anthropology, Social Work, Sustainability and Environmental Studies, and Women and Gender Studies.
Opened: 1967

Address: 187-289 E Ottawa Ct.
Mount Pleasant, MI 48858

Quick Fact: Pearce Hall was the last building constructed in a three-building academic complex, which also contained Anspach Hall and Brooks Hall.

Pearce Hall is located on what was then the southern part of campus. The building was designed by Roger Allen and Associates of Grand Rapids as a general-purpose classroom building that would serve the needs of the Foreign Languages, Art, and Mathematics departments. CANAL is a student-staffed laboratory designed to provide a working, hands-on environment where students enrolled in networking, information technology, and business classes can practice with and engage in the technology they learn about. The Language Learning Center (LLC) contains an Audio Lab with a variety of tools for students to further expand their knowledge of a foreign language.

Pearce Hall includes Actuarial and Data Sciences, Computer Science, Mathematics, Statistics World Languages, and Cultures.
The SAC opened in the summer of 1973. The complex was twice the size of Finch Fieldhouse, which served as the primary location of the school's athletic pursuits prior to this point. It had separate areas for wrestling, handball, dance, gymnastics, and physical conditioning. There was a specially equipped facility for students with disabilities. There was also a 6,000-seat basketball arena that could be converted to classroom space, a six-lane competitive pool and separate diving pool, and a turf room that featured a Tartan turf surface similar to that installed at Spartan Stadium. Outside, the complex also included eight tennis courts and four softball/soccer fields.

The SAC is home to University Recreation (URec) which is one of the top University Recreation programs in the nation!